Using BioPortal as a Repository for Mediating Ontologies in Ontology Alignment

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Leading ontology alignment (OA) systems add background knowledge sources to find mappings that string-based matchers are unable to find. Mediating ontologies (MOs) are typically pre-selected before the OA process begins. BioPortal Mediating Finder was developed to use BioPortal as a repository to dynamically select and access MOs for OA. BioPortal [1] provides access to over 370 biomedical ontologies and their mappings. The software development and results on the OAEI anatomy and large biomedical tracks with LogMap and several OA systems are reported. In [2] the fast-selection approach to find MOs was presented. Experiments produced the top five: Mouse Anatomy, SYN, Uberon, CL and EHDAA2 for the anatomy track. The following algorithm is used with each of these mediating ontologies.

Algorithm: Use of a mediating ontology with LogMap Input: O1, O2: input ontologies; MO: mediating ontology; Output:M: output mappings; 1: M1 := LogMap(O1;MO) 2: M2 := LogMap(MO;O2) 3: MC := ComposeMappings(M1;M2) 4: M:= LogMap(O1;O2;MC) 5: return M

Uberon produced the highest f-measure of 0.8792; SYN followed with 0.8648. The dynamic selection of Uberon by the BioPortal Mediating Finder provides evidence this approach can find qualified mediating ontologies since Uberon has been pre-selected for several OA systems in the anatomy track. Two experiments determined a suitable minimum number of mediating ontologies required to produce a mapping for it to be included and a suitable confidence factor to capitalize on the high recall with only one mediating ontology. The resulting condition is shown in Table 1. LogMap using BioPortal Mediating Finder produces a higher F-measure than LogMap by itself.

Table 1. Orignal LogMap vs. LogMap+BioPortal Mediating Finder on Anatomy Track

	Prec	Recall	F-measure
Original LogMap	0.9125	0.8463	0.8782
LogMap+ Bioportal Mediating Finder	0.8793	0.9037	0.8913
(2 MOs AND Cf >0.7) OR (1 MO AND Cf > 0.8)			

Experimental results on the large biomedical track with the two versions of each ontology are in Table 2. The top five mediating ontologies were determined using the fastselection approach. The top four MOs for the anatomy track were in the top four MOs for the alignment task with the FMA. Only SYN was in the top five for SNOMED-NCI tasks. Table 2 shows results first for the small versions and then for the complete ontologies. LogMap is compared to that of Logmap + BMF.

	Comparing LogMap to LogMap + BioPortal Mediating Finder (BMF)							
	FMA-NCI		FMA-SNO	MED	SNOMED-NCI			
SMALL	LogMap	+ BMF	LogMap	+ BMF	LogMap	+BMF		
Precision	0.9541	0.9281	0.9643	0.9521	0.8677	0.8950		
Recall	0.8598	0.8793	0.6680	0.6792	0.5602	0.5854		
F-measure	0.9045	0.9030	0.7892	0.7982	0.6809	0.6963		
WHOLE	LogMap	+ BMF	LogMap	+ BMF	LogMap	+BMF		
Precision	0.8689	0.7443	0.8753	0.8220	0.8677	0.8590		
Recall	0.7939	0.8570	0.5967	0.6189	0.5602	0.5854		
F-measure	0.8297	0.7967	0.7096	0.7061	0.6809	0.6963		

Table 2. Alignment Results for Large Biomedical Tracs, FMA, NCI, and SNOMED

Three (in bold) have improved f-measures. The large number of concepts in FMA and NCI result in many new mappings, significantly reducing precision (in italics) although recall increases. More sophisticated filtering is needed as in the anatomy track. BMF with other recent OAEI systems, two top (AML and GOMMA) and two poorer (Hertuda and AOT) is in Table 3. F-measures (bold) increases though slightly for Hertuda.

Table 3. OA Systems using BioPortal Mediating Finder

	Prec	Recall	F-meas		Prec	Recall	F-meas
AML	0.9548	0.8219	0.8834	AOT	0.4352	0.7751	0.5574
+ BMF	0.9319	0.8938	0.9125	+ BMF	0.4325	0.7777	0.5559
Hertuda	0.6892	0.6728	0.6809	GOMMA	0.9505	0.7975	0.8673
+ BMF	0.7024	0.6735	0.6811	+ BMF	0.9395	0.7995	0.8639

References

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