Learning in Query Optimization over Knowledge Graphs: From Adaptive Techniques to Neuro-Symbolic Optimizers ... And Back?

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Abstract

Query optimization has traditionally relied on the optimize-then-execute paradigm, which, while effective in static settings, faces significant limitations in dynamic and complex environments¹ such as knowledge graphs on the web. In this keynote, I will explore how early database adaptive techniques² provided the first steps toward online learning query optimization over knowledge graphs³, allowing systems to adjust during execution. I will present results on when adaptivity enhances continuous performance⁴ in knowledge graphs and when it falls short.

Following this, I will discuss the rise of neuro-symbolic optimizers⁵, which are recent innovations that combine machine learning with symbolic processing (e.g., rules, statistics, data summaries, etc.). Therefore, neuro-symbolic optimizers promise to deliver more accurate results than traditional optimizers⁶, especially in the presence of increasingly complex workloads and scenarios. This raises a fundamental question: Can neuro-symbolic optimizers eliminate the need for adaptive techniques, or will systems still require the flexibility to adapt during execution? I will conclude with an exploration of this open question, the challenges of embedding machine learning into query optimization, and the interplay of machine learning and adaptivity, with a special focus on knowledge graphs and their unique requirements.

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